Two pumps with runtime control Project for PR200-24.2

Project overview

The example describes a project for alternate operation of two pumps with count of the operating time and the number of starts. The project contains 3 data processing blocks and 3 screens.



Fig. 1. Program workspace

Data processing blocks:

- Cycle time setting
- Pump control
- Counter block

Screens:

- Pump control
- Counter block
- Cycle time setting

Name	Туре	Description
<i>I1</i>	BOOL	Input (NO contact, latching) / Enable start
I2	BOOL	Input (NO contact, latching) / Reset counters
Q1	BOOL	Output / Pump 1
Q2	BOOL	Output / Pump 2

Table 1. Device inputs/outputs

Name	Туре	Description					
pump1	BOOL	Pump 1 start					
pump2	BOOL	Pump 2 start					
pump1_hours	INT	Pump 1 / operating hours					
pump2_hours	INT	Pump 2 / operating hours					
pump1_minutes	INT	Pump 1 / operating minutes					
pump2_minutes	INT	Pump 2 / operating minutes					
pump1_starts	INT	Pump 1 / number of starts					
pump2_starts	INT	Pump 2 / number of starts					
reset	INT	Reset counters					
start	BOOL	Enable start					
pump1_set_hours	INT	Pump 1 / set cycle hours					
pump2 set hours	INT	Pump 2 / set cycle hours					

Table 2. Project variables



Fig. 2. Cycle time setting

The cycle run time for each pump is set in the block *Cycle time setting* (Fig. 2). It is entered in hours via the screen using the function buttons on the device. The time is then converted to milliseconds to be applied to a *BLINK* FB via *WriteToFB* blocks (Fig. 3).

The algorithm is activated if the signal on the input *I1* is *TRUE*. The pumps are switched on alternately over the *BLINK* FB (Fig. 3).



Fig. 3. Pump control

In the *Counter block* (Fig. 4), the operating time and the number of starts for each pump are counted using two macros *Runtime1_*. The macro returns the total operating time in hours and minutes and the number of starts. The output is displayed on the screen *Counter block*. All the counters can be reset by closing the *I*2 input (Fig. 1).

Counter block					
	Runti	me1_1			
pump1	On	Time_m	*	 .	pump1_minutes
	RT_sec	Time_h	*		pump1_hours
reset	Reset	Starts	* • • • • •	 	pump1_starts
	Runti	me1 2			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Co.	Time m			numn2 minutes
. pumpz		1.TIME_III	· · · · · ·		
	RI_sec	lime_n	· · · · · ·		pump2_nours
	Reset	Starts	* • • • • •	 	pump2_starts
Seconds					

Fig. 4. Counter block

Screens

Table 3. Function buttons

Function buttons	Action						
\bowtie	Scroll down through screen rows						
\bigotimes	Scroll up through screen rows						
$ALT + \bigotimes$	witch to the screen Counter block						
ALT + 🕅	Switch to the screen <i>Cycle time setup</i>						
ESC	Switch to the first screen						

Initially, the screen *Pump control* is displayed (Fig. 5). It shows the status of the both pumps (ON/OFF).

Ρ	U	Μ	Ρ	1	:				0	F	F
Ρ	υ	Μ	Ρ	2	•				0	F	F

Fig. 5. Screen Pump control

The screen *Counter block* (Fig. 6) shows the total operating time of each pump in hours and minutes and its number of starts.

					Ρ	U	М	Ρ	1					
Η	0	U	R	S						0	0	0	0	0
Μ	I	Ν	U	Т	Ε	S	•			0	0	0	0	0
S	Т	А	R	Т	S					0	0	0	0	0
					Ρ	U	Μ	Ρ	2					
Η	0	U	R	s	•					0	0	0	0	0
М	I	Ν	U	Т	Е	s	•			0	0	0	0	0
S	Т	Α	R	Т	S	•				0	0	0	0	0

Fig. 6. Screen *Counter block*

The screen *Cycle time setup* is used to set the cycle run time for each pump.

P U M P 1 :	0 0 0 h	
P U M P 2 :	000h	